PH511.3

Reg No:.

St Aloysius College (Autonomous)

Mangalore

Semester III- P.G. Examination- M.Sc. Biochemistry

December - 2022

Molecular Biology

Time: 3 hours

Max Marks: 70

I. Answer any <u>TEN</u> of the following;

(10x2=20)

- What are enhancers and silencers?
- 2. Define N-end rule. Mention its significance.
- 3. Differentiate between prokaryotic and eukaryotic ribosomes.
- 4. What are housekeeping genes? Give examples.
- 5. What are Okazaki fragments?
- 6. What is polyadenylation?
- 7. What is genetic code? Give the codons for any two amino acids.
- 8. Mention the role of riboswitches.
- 9. Differentiate between mitosis and meiosis.
- 10. What is the significance of genomic imprinting?
- 11. Name any two replication inhibitors.
- 12. Mention the role of DNA polymerase II in DNA replication.

II. Answer any SIX of the following;

(6x5=30)

- 13. Describe the rolling circle model of virus DNA replication.
- 14. Discuss the central dogma of molecular biology
- 15. Explain the role of miRNA in gene silencing.
- 16. Explain transcription attenuation in tryptophan operon.
- 17. Write a note on protein splicing.
- 18. Describe the role of environmental factors in regulation of gene expression.
- Give an account on the experimental studies of Nirenberg and Khorana pertaining to genetic codon.
- 20. Write a note on nucleosome structure.

Answer any <u>TWO</u> of the following;

 $(2 \times 10 = 20)$

- 21. Give a detailed account on prokaryotic transcription.
- 22. Explain post translational modification of proteins.
- 23. Describe apoptosis. Add a note on role of p53 and Bcl-2 in apoptosis.
- Write short notes on the following a) DNA amplification b) formation of initiation complex in translation.

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Nitrogen Metabolism and Plant Biochemistry

Time: 3 hours

Max Marks: 70

I. Answer any TEN of the following;

(10x2=20)

- 1. What is transamination? Give an example.
- 2. What is non-symbiotic nitrogen fixation?
- 3. Define N- and O- glycosylation of proteins.
- 4. What is meant by salvage pathway?
- 5. What is RUBISCO? What is its role?
- What are secondary metabolites? Give two examples.
- 7. What is a) plastoquinone b) plastocyanin
- 8. What is CAM metabolism?
- What is meant by seed dormancy? Name the hormone which induces dormancy in seeds.
- 10. What is the role of phototropins in stomatal movement?
- 11. Name the pathogen induced diseases in plants and their causative agents.
- 12. Distinguish between transpiration and guttation.

II. Answer any SIX of the following;

(6x5 = 30)

- 13. Explain the components and functions of nitrogenase complex.
- 14. Which amino acids are degraded to pyruvate? Describe the steps involved.
- Describe the biosynthesis of proteoglycans.
- 16. Give an account of inborn errors of amino acid metabolism.
- Explain the physiological effects of auxins and gibberellins.
- 18. Discuss the Calvin Cycle.
- Explain the two-component regulatory systems of bacteria
- 20. Describe the translocation of nutrients through phloem.

III. Answer any TWO of the following;

(2x10 = 20)

- Describe the biosynthetic pathway of tyrosine and phenylalanine.
- 22. Explain the ubiquitin pathway of protein degradation.
- Discuss non-cyclic photophosphorylation.
- Discuss the mechanisms of resistance to biotic stress in plants.

Time: 3 hrs

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Semester III- P.G. Examination- M.Sc. Biochemistry

December - ವಿರಾವತಿ

CELLULAR BIOCHEMISTRY

I. Answer any <u>TEN</u> of the following;

Max Marks: 70 (10x2=20)

- What are caveolae? Mention their significance.
- 2. Define ionophores. Give any two examples.
- 3. What is phospholamban? Give its relevance.
- 4. What are peroxisomes? Mention any two roles of peroxisomes.
- 5. Briefly explain the importance of fibronectin.
- 6. What is bacterial chemotaxis?
- 7. What are hormone responsive elements (HRE)?
- 8. What is dystrophin? State its clinical relevance.
- 9. Give any two examples for second messengers.
- 10. Briefly explain the role of sterols in the membrane.
- 11. Distinguish between occluding and adhering cellular junctions.
- 12. Briefly explain Danielle-Davson model of membrane.

II. Answer any SIX of the following;

(6x5 = 30)

- 13. What is Patch clamp technique? Give its applications
- 14. Why is Na+ glucose transporter system called as secondary active transport system?
- 15. Briefly discuss the roles of different adhesion molecules.
- 16. Discuss the molecular organization of contractile systems.
- 17. What is the mechanism of action of nitric oxide? Give its physiological relevance.
- What is rhodopsin? Explain the vision cycle.
- 19. What is DAG? What is the role of DAG in signaling?
- 20. Discuss the structural organization and function of nucleus.

III. Answer any TWO of the following;

(2x10 = 20)

- 21. Discuss neurotransmission and its regulation.
- 22. Explain the mechanisms of intracellular transport.
- 23. Discuss the different classes of extracellular and intracellular receptors involved in the signal transduction pathways.
- 24. What is supramolecular organization of biomembranes? Explain the physicochemical properties of biological membranes.
